

# Two *Pseudochazara* species, new for Bulgaria (Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae, Satyrinae)

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**Samenvatting.** Twee *Pseudochazara* soorten, nieuw voor Bulgarije (Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae, Satyrinae)

Na bestudering van de vlindercollecties in het Institute of Zoology (Sofia) kunnen twee soorten *Pseudochazara* toegevoegd worden aan de Bulgaarse fauna: *P. geyeri* (Herrich-Schäffer, [1846]) en *P. graeca* (Staudinger, 1870).

**Résumé.** Deux espèces de *Pseudochazara*, nouvelles pour la Bulgarie (Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae, Satyrinae)

Après étude de la collection de lépidoptères de l'Institut de Zoologie (Sofia), deux espèces de *Pseudochazara* peuvent être ajoutées à la faune bulgare: *P. geyeri* (Herrich-Schäffer, [1846]) et *P. graeca* (Staudinger, 1870).

**Key words:** *Pseudochazara geyeri* – *Pseudochazara graeca* – faunistics – Bulgaria.

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After examining the lepidopterological collection housed at the Institute of Zoology, Sofia, some specimens of two new species for the Bulgarian fauna have been found.

\* The first one, *Pseudochazara geyeri* (Herrich-Schäffer, [1846]), was previously known from SW Macedonia (Jakšić 1988: 176, map 161; Schaidler & Jakšić 1989: map 164) and NW Greece (Tolman & Lewington 1997: 201), Turkey and Transcaucasia (Hesselbarth, van Oorschot & Wagener 1995: 949).

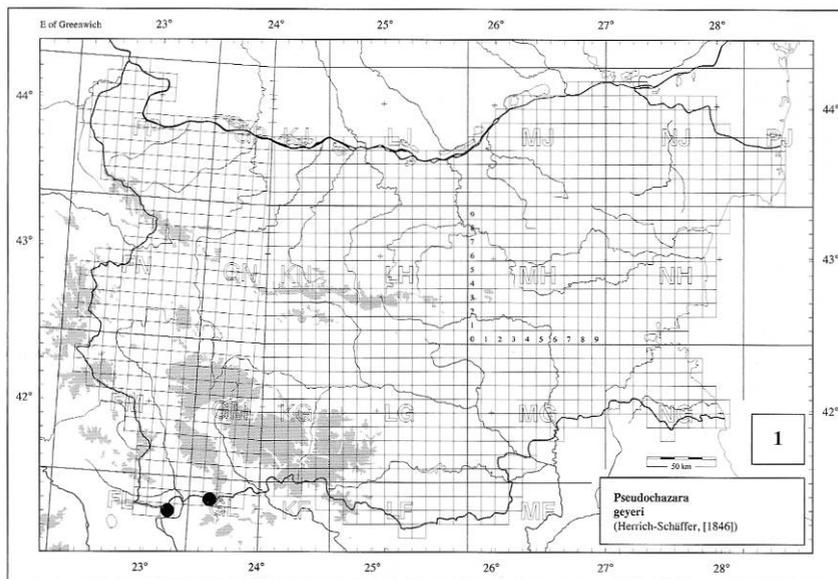


Figure 1. UTM map of Bulgaria showing the localities of *Pseudochazara geyeri* (Herrich-Schäffer, [1846]).

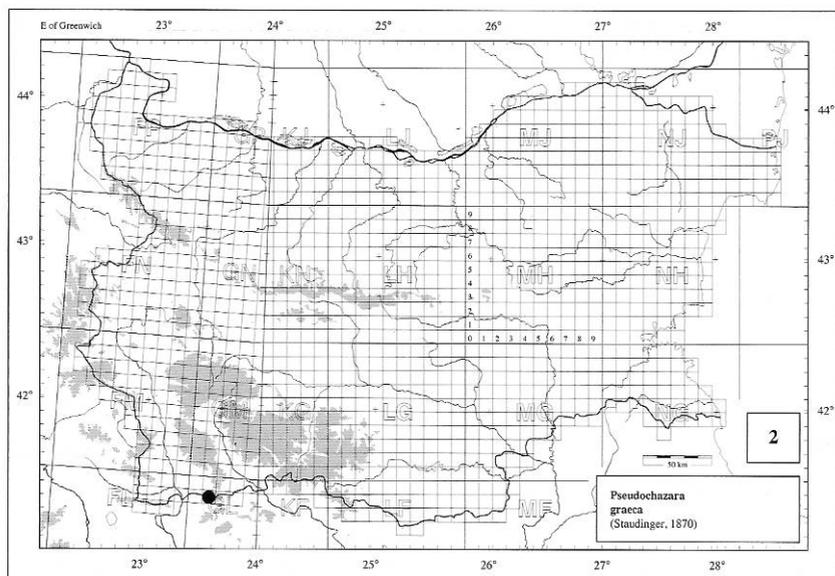


Figure 2. UTM map of Bulgaria showing the locality of *Pseudochazara graeca* (Staudinger, 1870).

The reported occurrence of the species in Albania (Tolman & Lewington 1997: 201) is very possible but still not confirmed. The nominal taxon "*Satyrus (Hipparchia) Geyeri* (H. S.) *occidentalis* nov. subsp." was described by Rebel & Zerny (1931: 74) after material collected by Drenowski in Macedonia.

The examined material from the Bulgarian territory is as follows: Mt Belasitsa: Belasitsa Chalet: 800–1100 m (UTM grid code 34TFL87): 1–5 July 1980 – 1♂, 1♀; 26–29 June 1981 – 1♀; Mt Slavyanka: 1100 m (UTM grid code 34TGL18): 6 August 1980 – 1♂: all A. Slivov leg. et coll. (in collection Institute of Zoology, Sofia) (Fig. 1).

The second species, *Pseudochazara graeca* (Staudinger, 1870), was known from Greece (Tolman & Lewington 1997: 200). The record by Schaidler & Jakšić (1989: map 165) from Macedonia (Mt. Pelister) is unsupported. The first Bulgarian record comes from: Mt Slavyanka: 1100 m (UTM grid code 34TGL18): 6 August 1980 – 1♂, 1♀: A. Slivov leg. et coll. (in collection Institute of Zoology, Sofia) (Fig. 2).

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